



## 4.2. L'Hôpitalovo pravilo

11. 12. 2020.

... olakšava računanje limesa oblika

$$\frac{0}{0} \quad ; \quad \frac{\infty}{\infty}$$

... olakšava računanje limesa oblika

$$\frac{0}{0} \quad ; \quad \frac{\infty}{\infty}.$$

**Teorem. (L'Hôpitalovo pravilo)** Neka su zadane  $f, g : D \subseteq \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  i  $c \in \mathbb{R} \cup \{\pm\infty\}$ . Vrijedi

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow c} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}$$

ako su zadovoljeni sljedeći uvjeti:

- (i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x)$  i  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} g(x)$  su oba 0 ili oba beskonačni.
- (ii) Postoji  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)} \in \mathbb{R} \cup \{\pm\infty\}$ .

Analogna tvrdnja vrijedi i za jednostrane limese.

# Primjer 1(a)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}.$$

# Primjer 1(a)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}.$$

Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = \left( \frac{0}{0} \right)$$

# Primjer 1(a)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}.$$

Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin x)'}{x'}$$

# Primjer 1(a)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}.$$

Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin x)'}{x'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{1} \end{aligned}$$

# Primjer 1(a)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}.$$

Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin x)'}{x'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{1} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos x \end{aligned}$$



# Primjer 1(a)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}.$$

Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin x)'}{x'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{1} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos x \\ &= \cos 0 \end{aligned}$$

# Primjer 1(a)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}.$$

Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin x)'}{x'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{1} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos x \\ &= \cos 0 \\ &= 1. \end{aligned}$$

## Primjer 1(b)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}.$$

## Primjer 1(b)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}.$$

Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} = \left( \frac{0}{0} \right)$$

## Primjer 1(b)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}.$$

Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} = \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos x)'}{(x^2)'}$$

## Primjer 1(b)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}.$$

Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos x)'}{(x^2)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{2x} \end{aligned}$$

## Primjer 1(b)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}.$$

Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos x)'}{(x^2)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{2x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \end{aligned}$$

## Primjer 1(b)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}.$$

Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos x)'}{(x^2)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{2x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin x)'}{(2x)'} \end{aligned}$$



## Primjer 1(b)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}.$$

Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos x)'}{(x^2)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{2x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin x)'}{(2x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{2} \end{aligned}$$

## Primjer 1(b)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}.$$

Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos x)'}{(x^2)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{2x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin x)'}{(2x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{2} \\ &= \frac{\cos 0}{2} \end{aligned}$$

## Primjer 1(b)

Izračunajmo pomoću L'Hôpitalova pravila limes

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}.$$

Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos x)'}{(x^2)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{2x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin x)'}{(2x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{2} \\ &= \frac{\cos 0}{2} \\ &= \frac{1}{2}. \end{aligned}$$

Još neki neodređeni oblici mogu se svesti na  $\frac{0}{0}$  ili  $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ . Primjerice, za neodređeni oblik  $0 \cdot \infty$  to možemo postići tako da jedan od njegovih faktora shvatimo kao nazivnik nazivnika dvojnog razlomka:

$$0 \cdot \infty = \frac{0}{\frac{1}{\infty}} \quad \text{ili} \quad 0 \cdot \infty = \frac{\infty}{\frac{1}{0}}$$

Još neki neodređeni oblici mogu se svesti na  $\frac{0}{0}$  ili  $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ . Primjerice, za neodređeni oblik  $0 \cdot \infty$  to možemo postići tako da jedan od njegovih faktora shvatimo kao nazivnik nazivnika dvojnog razlomka:

$$0 \cdot \infty = \frac{0}{\frac{1}{\infty}} \quad \text{ili} \quad 0 \cdot \infty = \frac{\infty}{\frac{1}{0}}$$

*Primjer.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \cdot \ln x$$

Još neki neodređeni oblici mogu se svesti na  $\frac{0}{0}$  ili  $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ . Primjerice, za neodređeni oblik  $0 \cdot \infty$  to možemo postići tako da jedan od njegovih faktora shvatimo kao nazivnik nazivnika dvojnog razlomka:

$$0 \cdot \infty = \frac{0}{\frac{1}{\infty}} \quad \text{ili} \quad 0 \cdot \infty = \frac{\infty}{\frac{1}{0}}.$$

*Primjer.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \cdot \ln x = (0 \cdot (-\infty))$$

Još neki neodređeni oblici mogu se svesti na  $\frac{0}{0}$  ili  $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ . Primjerice, za neodređeni oblik  $0 \cdot \infty$  to možemo postići tako da jedan od njegovih faktora shvatimo kao nazivnik nazivnika dvojnog razlomka:

$$0 \cdot \infty = \frac{0}{\frac{1}{\infty}} \quad \text{ili} \quad 0 \cdot \infty = \frac{\infty}{\frac{1}{0}}.$$

*Primjer.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \cdot \ln x &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\frac{1}{x}} \end{aligned}$$

Još neki neodređeni oblici mogu se svesti na  $\frac{0}{0}$  ili  $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ . Primjerice, za neodređeni oblik  $0 \cdot \infty$  to možemo postići tako da jedan od njegovih faktora shvatimo kao nazivnik nazivnika dvojnog razlomka:

$$0 \cdot \infty = \frac{0}{\frac{1}{\infty}} \quad \text{ili} \quad 0 \cdot \infty = \frac{\infty}{\frac{1}{0}}.$$

*Primjer.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \cdot \ln x &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\frac{1}{x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \end{aligned}$$



Još neki neodređeni oblici mogu se svesti na  $\frac{0}{0}$  ili  $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ . Primjerice, za neodređeni oblik  $0 \cdot \infty$  to možemo postići tako da jedan od njegovih faktora shvatimo kao nazivnik nazivnika dvojnog razlomka:

$$0 \cdot \infty = \frac{0}{\frac{1}{\infty}} \quad \text{ili} \quad 0 \cdot \infty = \frac{\infty}{\frac{1}{0}}.$$

*Primjer.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \cdot \ln x &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\frac{1}{x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(\ln x)'}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)'} \end{aligned}$$

Još neki neodređeni oblici mogu se svesti na  $\frac{0}{0}$  ili  $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ . Primjerice, za neodređeni oblik  $0 \cdot \infty$  to možemo postići tako da jedan od njegovih faktora shvatimo kao nazivnik nazivnika dvojnog razlomka:

$$0 \cdot \infty = \frac{0}{\frac{1}{\infty}} \quad \text{ili} \quad 0 \cdot \infty = \frac{\infty}{\frac{1}{0}}$$

*Primjer.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \cdot \ln x &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\frac{1}{x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(\ln x)'}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{x^2}} \end{aligned}$$

Još neki neodređeni oblici mogu se svesti na  $\frac{0}{0}$  ili  $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ . Primjerice, za neodređeni oblik  $0 \cdot \infty$  to možemo postići tako da jedan od njegovih faktora shvatimo kao nazivnik nazivnika dvojnog razlomka:

$$0 \cdot \infty = \frac{0}{\frac{1}{\infty}} \quad \text{ili} \quad 0 \cdot \infty = \frac{\infty}{\frac{1}{0}}.$$

*Primjer.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \cdot \ln x &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\frac{1}{x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(\ln x)'}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{x^2}} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (-x) \end{aligned}$$

Još neki neodređeni oblici mogu se svesti na  $\frac{0}{0}$  ili  $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ . Primjerice, za neodređeni oblik  $0 \cdot \infty$  to možemo postići tako da jedan od njegovih faktora shvatimo kao nazivnik nazivnika dvojnog razlomka:

$$0 \cdot \infty = \frac{0}{\frac{1}{\infty}} \quad \text{ili} \quad 0 \cdot \infty = \frac{\infty}{\frac{1}{0}}.$$

*Primjer.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \cdot \ln x &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\frac{1}{x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(\ln x)'}{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{x^2}} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (-x) = 0. \end{aligned}$$

## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x}$$

## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right)$$

## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(x + \sin x)'}{(x - \sin x)'}$$



## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(x + \sin x)'}{(x - \sin x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}$$

## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(x + \sin x)'}{(x - \sin x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \underbrace{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}}_{\substack{\text{periodična} \\ \text{nekonstantna} \\ \text{funkcija}}} \text{ ne postoji}$$

## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

Računom

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{\neq} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(x + \sin x)'}{(x - \sin x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \underbrace{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}}_{\substack{\text{periodična} \\ \text{nekonstantna} \\ \text{funkcija}}} \quad \text{ne postoji}$$

ne možemo izračunati vrijednost limesa na lijevoj strani.

## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

Računom

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{\neq} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(x + \sin x)'}{(x - \sin x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \underbrace{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}}_{\substack{\text{periodična} \\ \text{nekonstantna} \\ \text{funkcija}}} \text{ ne postoji}$$

ne možemo izračunati vrijednost limesa na lijevoj strani. Ali možemo sljedećim računom:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x}$$

## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

Računom

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{\neq} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(x + \sin x)'}{(x - \sin x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \underbrace{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}}_{\substack{\text{periodična} \\ \text{nekonstantna} \\ \text{funkcija}}} \text{ ne postoji}$$

ne možemo izračunati vrijednost limesa na lijevoj strani. Ali možemo sljedećim računom:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} \cdot \frac{1}{x}$$

## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

Računom

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{\neq} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(x + \sin x)'}{(x - \sin x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \underbrace{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}}_{\substack{\text{periodična} \\ \text{nekonstantna} \\ \text{funkcija}}} \quad \text{ne postoji}$$

ne možemo izračunati vrijednost limesa na lijevoj strani. Ali možemo sljedećim računom:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1 + \frac{\sin x}{x}}{1 - \frac{\sin x}{x}}$$

## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

Računom

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{\neq} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(x + \sin x)'}{(x - \sin x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \underbrace{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}}_{\substack{\text{periodična} \\ \text{nekonstantna} \\ \text{funkcija}}} \quad \text{ne postoji}$$

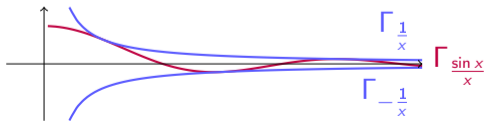
ne možemo izračunati vrijednost limesa na lijevoj strani. Ali možemo sljedećim računom:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1 + \frac{\sin x}{x}}{1 - \frac{\sin x}{x}}$$

kako je za sve  $x \in \mathbb{R}$

$-1 \leq \sin x \leq 1$ , za sve  $x \in \langle 0, +\infty \rangle$  imamo

$$\underbrace{-\frac{1}{x}}_{\substack{\rightarrow 0 \\ \text{kad } x \rightarrow +\infty}} \leq \frac{\sin x}{x} \leq \underbrace{\frac{1}{x}}_{\substack{\rightarrow 0 \\ \text{kad } x \rightarrow +\infty}}$$



## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

Računom

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{\neq} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(x + \sin x)'}{(x - \sin x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \underbrace{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}}_{\substack{\text{periodična} \\ \text{nekonstantna} \\ \text{funkcija}}} \quad \text{ne postoji}$$

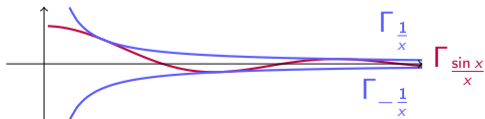
ne možemo izračunati vrijednost limesa na lijevoj strani. Ali možemo sljedećim računom:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1 + \frac{\sin x}{x}}{1 - \frac{\sin x}{x}}$$

kako je za sve  $x \in \mathbb{R}$

$-1 \leq \sin x \leq 1$ , za sve  $x \in \langle 0, +\infty \rangle$  imamo

$$\underbrace{-\frac{1}{x}}_{\substack{\rightarrow 0 \\ \text{kad } x \rightarrow +\infty}} \leq \frac{\sin x}{x} \leq \underbrace{\frac{1}{x}}_{\substack{\rightarrow 0 \\ \text{kad } x \rightarrow +\infty}}$$



pa je  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 0$  (ovdje primjenjujemo tzv. Teorem o sendviču).



## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

Računom

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{\neq} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(x + \sin x)'}{(x - \sin x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \underbrace{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}}_{\substack{\text{periodična} \\ \text{nekonstantna} \\ \text{funkcija}}} \quad \text{ne postoji}$$

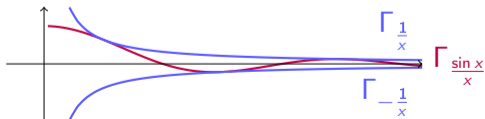
ne možemo izračunati vrijednost limesa na lijevoj strani. Ali možemo sljedećim računom:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1 + \frac{\sin x}{x}}{1 - \frac{\sin x}{x}} = \frac{1 + 0}{1 - 0}$$

kako je za sve  $x \in \mathbb{R}$

$-1 \leq \sin x \leq 1$ , za sve  $x \in \langle 0, +\infty \rangle$  imamo

$$\underbrace{-\frac{1}{x}}_{\substack{\rightarrow 0 \\ \text{kad } x \rightarrow +\infty}} \leq \frac{\sin x}{x} \leq \underbrace{\frac{1}{x}}_{\substack{\rightarrow 0 \\ \text{kad } x \rightarrow +\infty}}$$



pa je  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 0$  (ovdje primjenjujemo tzv. Teorem o sendviču).

## Primjer 2: L'Hôpitalovo pravilo ne pomaže baš svaki put!

Računom

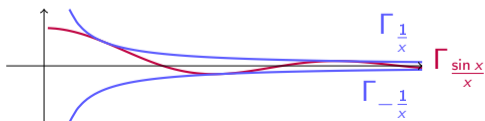
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{\neq} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(x + \sin x)'}{(x - \sin x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \underbrace{\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 - \cos x}}_{\substack{\text{periodična} \\ \text{nekonstantna} \\ \text{funkcija}}} \quad \text{ne postoji}$$

ne možemo izračunati vrijednost limesa na lijevoj strani. Ali možemo sljedećim računom:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1 + \frac{\sin x}{x}}{1 - \frac{\sin x}{x}} = \frac{1 + 0}{1 - 0} = 1,$$

pri čemu u predzadnjoj jednakosti koristimo da je  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 0$ : kako je za sve  $x \in \mathbb{R}$   $-1 \leq \sin x \leq 1$ , za sve  $x \in \langle 0, +\infty \rangle$  imamo

$$\underbrace{-\frac{1}{x}}_{\substack{\rightarrow 0 \\ \text{kad } x \rightarrow +\infty}} \leq \frac{\sin x}{x} \leq \underbrace{\frac{1}{x}}_{\substack{\rightarrow 0 \\ \text{kad } x \rightarrow +\infty}}$$



pa je  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 0$  (ovdje primjenjujemo tzv. Teorem o sendviču).

# Zadatak 43(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x}$ .

## Zadatak 43(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x} = \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right)$$

## Zadatak 43(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x} = \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(\ln x)'}{(\operatorname{ctg} x)'}$$

## Zadatak 43(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x} &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(\ln x)'}{(\operatorname{ctg} x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}}\end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x} &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(\ln x)'}{(\operatorname{ctg} x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-\sin^2 x}{x}\end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x} &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(\ln x)'}{(\operatorname{ctg} x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-\sin^2 x}{x} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}\end{aligned}$$



## Zadatak 43(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x} &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(\ln x)'}{(\operatorname{ctg} x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-\sin^2 x}{x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(-\sin^2 x)'}{x'}\end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x} &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(\ln x)'}{(\operatorname{ctg} x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-\sin^2 x}{x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(-\sin^2 x)'}{x'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-2 \sin x \cdot \cos x}{1}\end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x} &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(\ln x)'}{(\operatorname{ctg} x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-\sin^2 x}{x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(-\sin^2 x)'}{x'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-2 \sin x \cdot \cos x}{1} \\ &= -2 \sin 0 \cdot \cos 0\end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\operatorname{ctg} x} &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(\ln x)'}{(\operatorname{ctg} x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-\sin^2 x}{x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(-\sin^2 x)'}{x'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-2 \sin x \cdot \cos x}{1} \\ &= -2 \sin 0 \cdot \cos 0 \\ &= 0.\end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2}{x^3 - 7x + 6}$ .

## Zadatak 43(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2}{x^3 - 7x + 6}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2}{x^3 - 7x + 6} = \left( \frac{0}{0} \right)$$

## Zadatak 43(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2}{x^3 - 7x + 6}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2}{x^3 - 7x + 6} = \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2)'}{(x^3 - 7x + 6)'}$$

## Zadatak 43(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2}{x^3 - 7x + 6}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2}{x^3 - 7x + 6} &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2)'}{(x^3 - 7x + 6)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{3x^2 - 4x - 1}{3x^2 - 7} \end{aligned}$$





## Zadatak 43(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2}{x^3 - 7x + 6}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2}{x^3 - 7x + 6} &= \left(\frac{0}{0}\right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2)'}{(x^3 - 7x + 6)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{3x^2 - 4x - 1}{3x^2 - 7} \\ &= \frac{3 \cdot 1^2 - 4 \cdot 1 - 1}{3 \cdot 1^2 - 7} \\ &= \frac{1}{2}.\end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

## Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right)$$

## Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'}$$

## Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{5x^4}$$



## Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{5x^4} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(5x^4)'} \end{aligned}$$



## Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{5x^4} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(5x^4)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{20x^3}\end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{5x^4} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(5x^4)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{20x^3} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right)\end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{5x^4} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(5x^4)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{20x^3} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(20x^3)'}\end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{5x^4} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(5x^4)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{20x^3} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(20x^3)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{60x^2}\end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{5x^4} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(5x^4)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{20x^3} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(20x^3)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{60x^2} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right)\end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{5x^4} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(5x^4)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{20x^3} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(20x^3)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{60x^2} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(60x^2)'}\end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{5x^4} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(5x^4)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{20x^3} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(20x^3)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{60x^2} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(60x^2)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{120x}\end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{5x^4} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(5x^4)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{20x^3} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(20x^3)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{60x^2} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(60x^2)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{120x} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right)\end{aligned}$$



# Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{5x^4} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(5x^4)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{20x^3} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(20x^3)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{60x^2} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(60x^2)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{120x} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(120x)'}\end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{5x^4} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(5x^4)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{20x^3} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(20x^3)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{60x^2} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(60x^2)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{120x} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(120x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{120}\end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(c)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^5} &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(x^5)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{5x^4} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(5x^4)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{20x^3} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(20x^3)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{60x^2} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(60x^2)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{120x} \\ &= \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(e^x)'}{(120x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{120} \\ &= +\infty.\end{aligned}$$

Potpuno analogno kao u zadatku 43(c) pokaže se da vrijedi:

- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{p(x)} = \begin{cases} +\infty & \text{za svaki polinom } p \text{ s vodećim koeficijentom } > 0 \\ -\infty & \text{za svaki polinom } p \text{ s vodećim koeficijentom } < 0 \end{cases}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{p(x)}{e^x} = 0$  za svaki polinom  $p$ .

## Zadatak 43(d)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x$ .

# Zadatak 43(d)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x = \left( 0 \cdot \underbrace{\infty}_{\substack{+\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0+ \\ -\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0-}} \right)$$

## Zadatak 43(d)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x = \left( 0 \cdot \underbrace{\infty}_{\substack{+\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0+ \\ -\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0-}} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} x}$$

# Zadatak 43(d)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x &= \left( 0 \cdot \underbrace{\infty}_{\substack{+\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0+ \\ -\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0-}} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} x} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{\operatorname{tg} x} \end{aligned}$$



# Zadatak 43(d)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x &= \left( 0 \cdot \underbrace{\infty}_{\substack{+\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0+ \\ -\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0-}} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} x} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{\operatorname{tg} x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos x)'}{(\operatorname{tg} x)'}\end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(d)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x &= \left( 0 \cdot \underbrace{\infty}_{\substack{+\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0+ \\ -\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0-}} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} x} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{\operatorname{tg} x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos x)'}{(\operatorname{tg} x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{\frac{1}{\cos^2 x}}\end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(d)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x &= \left( 0 \cdot \underbrace{\infty}_{\substack{+\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0+ \\ -\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0-}} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} x} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{\operatorname{tg} x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos x)'}{(\operatorname{tg} x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{\frac{1}{\cos^2 x}} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin x \cdot \cos^2 x\end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(d)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x &= \left( 0 \cdot \underbrace{\infty}_{\substack{+\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0+ \\ -\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0-}} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} x} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{\operatorname{tg} x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos x)'}{(\operatorname{tg} x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{\frac{1}{\cos^2 x}} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin x \cdot \cos^2 x \\ &= \sin 0 \cdot \cos^2 0\end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(d)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x &= \left( 0 \cdot \underbrace{\infty}_{\substack{+\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0+ \\ -\infty \text{ za } x \rightarrow 0-}} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos x) \cdot \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} x} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{\operatorname{tg} x} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 - \cos x)'}{(\operatorname{tg} x)'} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{\frac{1}{\cos^2 x}} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin x \cdot \cos^2 x \\ &= \sin 0 \cdot \cos^2 0 \\ &= 0.\end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

## Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1) = (0 \cdot (-\infty))$$

## Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1) = (0 \cdot (-\infty)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln(x - 1)}{\frac{1}{\ln x}}$$



## Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1) &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln(x - 1)}{\frac{1}{\ln x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1) &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln(x - 1)}{\frac{1}{\ln x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(\ln(x - 1))'}{\left(\frac{1}{\ln x}\right)'} \end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1) &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln(x - 1)}{\frac{1}{\ln x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(\ln(x - 1))'}{\left(\frac{1}{\ln x}\right)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x-1}}{-\frac{1}{\ln^2 x} \cdot \frac{1}{x}} \end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1) &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln(x - 1)}{\frac{1}{\ln x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(\ln(x - 1))'}{\left(\frac{1}{\ln x}\right)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x-1}}{-\frac{1}{\ln^2 x} \cdot \frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{-x \cdot \ln^2 x}{x - 1} \end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1) &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln(x - 1)}{\frac{1}{\ln x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(\ln(x - 1))'}{\left(\frac{1}{\ln x}\right)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x-1}}{-\frac{1}{\ln^2 x} \cdot \frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{-x \cdot \ln^2 x}{x - 1} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

## Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1) &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln(x - 1)}{\frac{1}{\ln x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(\ln(x - 1))'}{\left(\frac{1}{\ln x}\right)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x-1}}{-\frac{1}{\ln^2 x} \cdot \frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{-x \cdot \ln^2 x}{x - 1} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(-x \cdot \ln^2 x)'}{(x - 1)'} \end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1) &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln(x - 1)}{\frac{1}{\ln x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(\ln(x - 1))'}{\left(\frac{1}{\ln x}\right)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x-1}}{-\frac{1}{\ln^2 x} \cdot \frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{-x \cdot \ln^2 x}{x - 1} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(-x \cdot \ln^2 x)'}{(x - 1)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{-\ln^2 x - x \cdot 2 \ln x \cdot \frac{1}{x}}{1}\end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1) &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln(x - 1)}{\frac{1}{\ln x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(\ln(x - 1))'}{\left(\frac{1}{\ln x}\right)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x-1}}{-\frac{1}{\ln^2 x} \cdot \frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{-x \cdot \ln^2 x}{x - 1} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(-x \cdot \ln^2 x)'}{(x - 1)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{-\ln^2 x - x \cdot 2 \ln x \cdot \frac{1}{x}}{1} \end{aligned}$$



# Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1) &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln(x - 1)}{\frac{1}{\ln x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(\ln(x - 1))'}{\left(\frac{1}{\ln x}\right)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x-1}}{-\frac{1}{\ln^2 x} \cdot \frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{-x \cdot \ln^2 x}{x - 1} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(-x \cdot \ln^2 x)'}{(x - 1)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{-\ln^2 x - x \cdot 2 \ln x \cdot \frac{1}{x}}{1} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} (-\ln^2 x - 2 \ln x) \end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1) &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln(x - 1)}{\frac{1}{\ln x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(\ln(x - 1))'}{\left(\frac{1}{\ln x}\right)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x-1}}{-\frac{1}{\ln^2 x} \cdot \frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{-x \cdot \ln^2 x}{x - 1} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(-x \cdot \ln^2 x)'}{(x - 1)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{-\ln^2 x - x \cdot 2 \ln x \cdot \frac{1}{x}}{1} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} (-\ln^2 x - 2 \ln x) = -\ln^2 1 - 2 \ln 1 \end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 43(e)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1)$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \ln x \cdot \ln(x - 1) &= (0 \cdot (-\infty)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\ln(x - 1)}{\frac{1}{\ln x}} \\ &= \left( \frac{-\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(\ln(x - 1))'}{\left(\frac{1}{\ln x}\right)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x-1}}{-\frac{1}{\ln^2 x} \cdot \frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{-x \cdot \ln^2 x}{x - 1} \\ &= \left( \frac{0}{0} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{(-x \cdot \ln^2 x)'}{(x - 1)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{-\ln^2 x - x \cdot 2 \ln x \cdot \frac{1}{x}}{1} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} (-\ln^2 x - 2 \ln x) = -\ln^2 1 - 2 \ln 1 \\ &= 0. \end{aligned}$$

# Zadatak 44(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}}$ .

# Zadatak 44(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}} = ((+\infty)^0)$$

# Zadatak 44(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}} = ((+\infty)^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}}$$

## Zadatak 44(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}} = ((+\infty)^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{\frac{\ln x}{x}}$$

## Zadatak 44(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}} = ((+\infty)^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{\frac{\ln x}{x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x}}$$



# Zadatak 44(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}} = ((+\infty)^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{\frac{\ln x}{x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right)$$

# Zadatak 44(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}} = ((+\infty)^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{\frac{\ln x}{x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\ln x)'}{x'}$$

## Zadatak 44(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}} = ((+\infty)^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{\frac{\ln x}{x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\ln x)'}{x'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{x}$$

# Zadatak 44(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}} = ((+\infty)^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{\frac{\ln x}{x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\ln x)'}{x'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{x}$$

## Zadatak 44(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}} = ((+\infty)^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{\frac{\ln x}{x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\ln x)'}{x'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0.$$

# Zadatak 44(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}} = ((+\infty)^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{\frac{\ln x}{x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x}} = e^0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\ln x)'}{x'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0.$$

# Zadatak 44(a)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{\frac{1}{x}} = ((+\infty)^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{\frac{\ln x}{x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x}} = e^0 = 1,$$

pri čemu predzadnja jednakost vrijedi jer je

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x} = \left( \frac{+\infty}{+\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\ln x)'}{x'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0.$$

# Zadatak 44(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}}$ .



## Zadatak 44(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = (0^0)$$

## Zadatak 44(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = (0^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}}$$

## Zadatak 44(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = (0^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{\frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}}$$

## Zadatak 44(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = (0^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{\frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}}$$

## Zadatak 44(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = (0^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{\frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4 + \ln x} = \left( \frac{-\infty}{-\infty} \right)$$

## Zadatak 44(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = (0^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{\frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4 + \ln x} = \left( \frac{-\infty}{-\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(3 \ln x)'}{(4 + \ln x)'}$$

## Zadatak 44(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = (0^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{\frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4 + \ln x} = \left( \frac{-\infty}{-\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(3 \ln x)'}{(4 + \ln x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{\frac{1}{x}}$$

## Zadatak 44(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = (0^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{\frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4 + \ln x} = \left( \frac{-\infty}{-\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(3 \ln x)'}{(4 + \ln x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{\frac{1}{x}}$$



## Zadatak 44(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = (0^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{\frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4 + \ln x} = \left( \frac{-\infty}{-\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(3 \ln x)'}{(4 + \ln x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} 3$$

## Zadatak 44(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = (0^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{\frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4 + \ln x} = \left( \frac{-\infty}{-\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(3 \ln x)'}{(4 + \ln x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} 3 = 3.$$

## Zadatak 44(b)

Izračunajte limes  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}}$ .

*Rješenje.* Imamo

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = (0^0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left( e^{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{3}{4+\ln x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{\frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4+\ln x}} = e^3,$$

pri čemu zadnja jednakost vrijedi jer je

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \ln x}{4 + \ln x} = \left( \frac{-\infty}{-\infty} \right) \stackrel{\text{L'H}}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(3 \ln x)'}{(4 + \ln x)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} 3 = 3.$$